

CHART B: Novice Drivers - Regulations on Drinking and Driving in Provincial and Territorial Highway Traffic Acts

GL (Graduated Licensing) - A two or three year process designed to help novice drivers acquire, on a gradual basis, the knowledge and skills to operate a motor vehicle safely. Novice drivers gain experience under conditions that reduce the risk of collisions. The system is described as graduated because there are two licensing levels before achieving a full licence, often known as "learner" and "probationary."

Jurisdiction	GL	Permissible BAC	Administrative Suspension	Other Sanctions
British Columbia	Yes	Zero	Minimum 12 hours, with appeal process.	Further sanctions are possible.
Alberta	Yes	Zero	24 hours, 7-day temporary reinstatement, followed by one month.	
Saskatchewan	No	Provisional licence - Zero New Driver - 0.04	30 days	Mandatory remedial program. Extension of 2 year probation period to 3 years.
Manitoba	Yes	Zero Supervising Driver: 0.05	24 hours	Possible extension of GL period, driving restrictions or suspension.
Ontario	Yes	Zero Supervising Driver: 0.05	Possible 30 days if fine not paid.	Fine of \$110 plus \$100 reinstatement of licence.
Quebec	Yes	Zero	30 days	Possible 90 day suspension for repeat offences.
New Brunswick	Yes	Zero	One year	Restart GL program. Compulsory remedial program.
Nova Scotia	Yes	Zero	24 hours	Regular driver status delayed by 2 years.
Prince Edward Island	No	Drivers under 19 or new drivers with less than 2 years driving experience, regardless of age: Zero	24 hours to 90 days	
Newfoundland	Yes	Zero Supervising Driver: 0.05	2 months, progressing to 6 months for repeat offenders.	Remedial program for repeat suspensions. Driver must re-start GL period.
Northwest Territories	No			
Yukon Territory	Yes	Zero Supervising Driver: Zero		\$200 fine and re-start stage of GL process